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WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE EIGHTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE REGULAR SESSION, 2015

ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

Senate Bill No. 234

R234

(SENATORS TRUMP, M. HALL, BLAIR AND PLYMALE, ORIGINAL SPONSORS)

[PASSED MARCH 14, 2015; IN EFFECT NINETY DAYS FROM PASSAGE.]

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OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

Senate Bill No. 234

(SENATORS TRUMP, M. HALL, BLAIR AND PLYMALE, ORIGINAL SPONSORS)

[Passed March 14, 2015; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §8-12-17 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend and reenact §8-16-19 of said code; to amend and reenact §8-19-4 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-13A-1a, §16-13A-9 and §16-13A-25 of said code; to amend and reenact §24-1-1, §24-1-1b and §24-1-2 of said code; to amend and reenact §24-2-1, §24-2-2, §24-2-3, §24-2-4a, §24-2-4b, §24-2-7 and §24-2-11 of said code; and to amend and reenact §24-3-5 of said code, all relating to operation and regulation of certain water and sewer utilities owned or operated by political subdivisions of the state; modifying procedure for sale or lease of municipal public utility; providing procedures for adjustment of rates by certain public service districts and municipal water and sewer utilities; eliminating requirement for consent and approval of Public Service Commission with respect to public service districts borrowing money, issuing bonds and entering into certain engineering contracts; relating to the authority of bondholders to petition the Public Service Commission for redress when there is a deficiency in bond revenue or bond reserve accounts or is otherwise in breach of bond covenants; limiting jurisdiction of Public Service Commission over certain water and sewer utilities owned or operated by political subdivisions of the state; defining terms; providing procedure for providing notice of construction projects to be undertaken by certain water and sewer utilities; requiring all public utilities to file schedules of rates with Public Service Commission; expanding jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission to provide assistance to public service districts and municipal corporations regarding proposed rate changes; providing for a working capital reserve; expanding powers of certain public service boards; providing mechanism for Public Service Commission to address deficiencies in the measurements. practices acts or services provided by certain public utility that is a political subdivision of the state; and providing mechanisms for various functions of political subdivisions related to water and sewer services.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §8-12-17 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that §8-16-19 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §8-19-4 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §16-13A-1a, §16-13A-9 and §16-13A-25 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §24-1-1, §24-1-1b and 24-1-2 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §24-2-1, §24-2-2, §24-2-3, §24-2-4a, §24-2-4b, §24-2-7 and §24-2-11 of said code be amended and reenacted; and that §24-3-5 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 12. GENERAL AND SPECIFIC POWERS, DUTIES AND ALLIED RELATIONS OF MUNICIPALITIES, GOVERNING BODIES AND MUNICIPAL OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES; SUITS AGAINST MUNICIPALITIES.

§8-12-17. Sale or lease of municipal public utility.

1 In any case where a municipality owns a gas system, an 2 electric system, a waterworks system, a sewer system or other 3 public utility and a majority of not less than sixty percent of 4 the members of the governing body thereof shall deem it for 5 the best interest of such municipality that such utility be sold or leased, the governing body may so sell or lease such gas 6 7 system, electric system, waterworks system, sewer system or 8 other public utility upon such terms and conditions as said 9 governing body in its discretion considers in the best interest 10 of the municipality: Provided. That such sale or lease may be 11 made only upon: (1) The publication of notice of a hearing 12 before the governing body of the municipality, as a Class I 13 legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of 14 article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, in a newspaper 15 published and of general circulation in the municipality, such 16 publication to be made not earlier than twenty days and not 17 later than seven days prior to the hearing; and (2) the 18 approval by the Public Service Commission of West Virginia. 19 The governing body, upon the approval of the sale or lease by 20 a majority of its members of not less than sixty percent of the 21 members of the governing body, shall have full power and 22 authority to proceed to execute or effect such sale or lease in 23 accordance with the terms and conditions prescribed in the 24 ordinance approved as aforesaid, and shall have power to do 25 any and all things necessary or incident thereto: Provided, 26 however, That if at any time after such approval and before 27 the execution of the authority under the ordinance, any 28 person should present to the governing body an offer to buy 29 such public utility at a price which exceeds by at least five 30 percent the sale price which shall have been so approved and 31 authorized or to lease the same upon terms which the 32 governing body, in its discretion, shall consider more 33 advantageous to the municipality than the terms of the lease 34 which shall have been previously approved as aforesaid, the 35 governing body shall have the power to accept such

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36 subsequent offer, and to make such sale or such lease to the 37 person making the offer, upon approval of the offer by a 38 majority of not less than sixty percent of the members of the governing body; but, if a sale shall have been approved by 39 40 the governing body as aforesaid, and the subsequent 41 proposition be for a lease, or, if a lease shall have been 42 approved by the governing body, and the subsequent 43 proposition shall be for a sale, the governing body shall have 44 the authority to accept the same upon approval of the offer by 45 a majority of not less than sixty percent of the members of the 46 governing body. The person making such proposition shall 47 furnish bond, with security to be approved by the governing 48 body, in a penalty of not less than twenty-five percent of such 49 proposed bid, conditioned to carry such proposition into 50 execution, if the same shall be approved by the governing body. In any case where any such public utility shall be sold 51 52 or leased by the governing body as hereinabove provided, no 53 part of the moneys derived from such sale or lease shall be 54 applied to the payment of current expenses of the 55 municipality, but the proceeds of such sale or lease shall be 56 applied in payment and discharge of any indebtedness created 57 in respect to such public utility, and in case there be no 58 indebtedness, the governing body, in its discretion, shall have 59 the power and authority to expend all such moneys when 60 received for the purchase or construction of fire-fighting 61 equipment and buildings for housing such equipment, a 62 municipal building or city hall, and the necessary land upon 63 which to locate the same, or for the construction of paved 64 streets, avenues, roads, alleys, ways, sidewalks, sewers and 65 other like permanent improvements, and for no other 66 purposes. In case there be a surplus after the payment of such 67 indebtedness, the surplus shall be used as aforesaid.

68 The requirements of this section shall not apply to the 69 sale or lease of any part of the properties of any such public 70 utility determined by the governing body to be unnecessary 71 for the efficient rendering of the service of such utility.

§8-16-19. Appeal to Public Service Commission from rates fixed.

1 If any party in interest is dissatisfied with the rates fixed

- 2 under the provisions of section eighteen of this article, such
- 3 party shall have the right to appeal to the Public Service
- 4 Commission at any time within thirty days after the fixing of
- 5 such rates by the governing body, but the rates so fixed by
- 6 the governing body shall remain in full force and effect, until
- 7 set aside, altered or amended by the Public Service
- 8 Commission.

ARTICLE 19. MUNICIPAL AND COUNTY WATERWORKS AND ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEMS.

§8-19-4. Estimate of cost; ordinance or order for issuance of revenue bonds; interest on bonds; rates for services; exemption from taxation.

1 Whenever a municipality or county commission shall, 2 under the provisions of this article, determine to acquire, by 3 purchase or otherwise, construct, establish, extend or equip 4 a waterworks system or an electric power system, or to 5 construct any additions, betterments or improvements to any waterworks or electric power system, it shall cause an 6 . 7 estimate to be made of the cost thereof, and may, by 8 ordinance or order, provide for the issuance of revenue bonds 9 under the provisions of this article, which ordinance or order 10 shall set forth a brief description of the contemplated 11 undertaking, the estimated cost thereof, the amount, rate or 12 rates of interest, the time and place of payment and other 13 details in connection with the issuance of the bonds. The bonds shall be in such form and shall be negotiated and sold 14 15 in such manner and upon such terms as the governing body 16 of such municipality or county commission may, by 17 ordinance or order, specify. All the bonds and the interest 18 thereon shall be exempt from all taxation by this state, or any 19 county, municipality or county commission, political 20 subdivision or agency thereof. Notwithstanding any other

21 provision of this code to the contrary, the real and personal 22 property which a municipality or county has acquired and 23 constructed according to the provisions of this article, and 24 any leasehold interest therein held by other persons, shall be 25 deemed public property and shall be exempt from taxation by 26 the state, or any county, municipality or other levying body, so long as the same is owned by the municipality or county: 27 28 Provided, That with respect to electric power systems, this 29 exemption for real and personal property shall be applicable 30 only for the real and personal property: (1) Physically situate 31 within the municipal or county boundaries of the municipality 32 or county which acquired or constructed the electric power 33 system and there was in place prior to the effective date of the 34 amendments to this section made in the year 1992 an 35 agreement between the municipality and the county 36 commission for payments in lieu of tax; or (2) acquired or 37 constructed with the written agreement of the county school 38 board, county commission and any municipal authority 39 within whose jurisdiction the electric power system is or is to 40 be physically situate. Notwithstanding anything contained in 41 this statute to the contrary, this exemption shall be applicable 42 to any leasehold or similar interest held by persons other than 43 a municipality or county only if acquired or constructed with 44 the written agreement of the county school board, county 45 commission and any municipal authority within whose 46 jurisdiction the electric power system is or is to be physically 47 situate: Provided, however, That payments made to any 48 county commission, county school board or municipality in 49 lieu of tax pursuant to such an agreement shall be distributed 50 as if the payments resulted from ad valorem property 51 taxation. The bonds shall bear interest at a rate per annum set 52 by the municipality or county commission, payable at such times, and shall be payable as to principal at such times, not 53 54 exceeding fifty years from their date, and at such place or places, within or without the state, as shall be prescribed in 55 56 the ordinance or order providing for their issuance. Unless 57 the governing body of the municipality or county commission 58 shall otherwise determine, the ordinance or order shall also 59 declare that a statutory mortgage lien shall exist upon the 60 property so to be acquired, constructed, established, extended 61 or equipped, fix minimum rates or charges for water or 62 electricity to be collected prior to the payment of all of said 63 bonds and shall pledge the revenues derived from the 64 waterworks or electric power system for the purpose of 65 paying the bonds and interest thereon, which pledge shall 66 definitely fix and determine the amount of revenues which 67 shall be necessary to be set apart and applied to the payment 68 of the principal of and interest upon the bonds and the 69 proportion of the balance of the revenues, which are to be set 70 aside as a proper and adequate depreciation account, and the 71 remainder shall be set aside for the reasonable and proper 72 maintenance and operation thereof. The rates or charges to be 73 charged for the services from the waterworks or electric 74 power system shall be sufficient at all times to provide for the 75 payment of interest upon all bonds and to create a sinking 76 fund to pay the principal thereof as and when the same 77 become due, and reasonable reserves therefor, and to provide 78 for the repair, maintenance and operation of the waterworks 79 or electric power system, and to provide an adequate 80 depreciation fund, and to make any other payments which shall be required or provided for in the ordinance or order 81 82 authorizing the issuance of said bonds.

CHAPTER 16. PUBLIC HEALTH.

ARTICLE 13A. PUBLIC SERVICE DISTRICTS.

§16-13A-1a. Jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission.

1 The jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission 2 relating to public service districts shall be expanded to 3 include the following powers and the powers shall be in 4 addition to all other powers of the Public Service 5 Commission set forth in this code:

6 (a) To study, modify, approve, deny or amend the plans
7 created under section one-b of this article for consolidation or
8 merger of public service districts and their facilities,
9 personnel or administration;

10 (b) To petition the appropriate circuit court for the 11 removal of a public service district board member or 12 members; and

(c) To create by general order a separate division within
the Public Service Commission to provide assistance to
public service districts in technological, operational, financial
and regulatory matters, including, upon written request of the
public service board, assistance to the board in deliberations
regarding a proposed rate change or project.

§16-13A-9. Rules; service rates and charges; discontinuance of service; required water and sewer connections; lien for delinquent fees.

1 (a) (1) The board may make, enact and enforce all 2 needful rules in connection with the acquisition, construction, 3 improvement, extension, management, maintenance, 4 operation, care, protection and the use of any public service properties owned or controlled by the district. The board shall 5 6 establish, in accordance with this article, rates, fees and 7 charges for the services and facilities it furnishes, which shall 8 be sufficient at all times, notwithstanding the provisions of 9 any other law or laws, to pay the cost of maintenance, 10 operation and depreciation of the public service properties 11 and principal of and interest on all bonds issued, other 12 obligations incurred under the provisions of this article and 13 all reserve or other payments provided for in the proceedings 14 which authorized the issuance of any bonds under this article. 15 The schedule of the rates, fces and charges may be based 16 upon:

17 (A) The consumption of water or gas on premises
18 connected with the facilities, taking into consideration
19 domestic, commercial, industrial and public use of water and
20 gas;

(B) The number and kind of fixtures connected with thefacilities located on the various premises;

23 (C) The number of persons served by the facilities;

24 (D) Any combination of paragraphs (A), (B) and (C) of25 this subdivision; or

26 (E) May be determined on any other basis or 27 classification which the board may determine to be fair and 28 reasonable, taking into consideration the location of the 29 premises served and the nature and extent of the services and 30 facilities furnished. However, no rates, fees or charges for 31 stormwater services may be assessed against highways, road 32 and drainage easements or stormwater facilities constructed, 33 owned or operated by the West Virginia Division of 34 Highways.

(2) The board of a public service district with at least four
thousand five hundred customers and annual combined gross
revenue of \$3 million or more from its separate or combined
services may make, enact and enforce all needful rules in
connection with the enactment or amendment of rates, fees
and charges of the district. At a minimum, these rules shall
provide for:

42 (A) Adequate prior public notice of the contemplated 43 rates, fees and charges by causing a notice of intent to effect 44 such a change to be specified on the monthly billing 45 statement of the customers of the district for the month next 46 preceding the month in which the contemplated change is to 47 be before the board on first reading.

48 (B) Adequate prior public notice of the contemplated 49 rates, fees and charges by causing to be published as a Class 50 I legal advertisement of the proposed action, in compliance 51 with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of the code. The publication area for publication shall be all 52 53 territory served by the district. If the district provides service 54 in more than one county, publication shall be made in a 55 newspaper of general circulation in each county that the 56 district provides service.

57 (C) The public notice of the proposed action shall state the current rates, fees and charges and the proposed changes 58 59 to said rates, fees and charges; the date, time and place of 60 both a public hearing on the proposal and the proposed final 61 vote on adoption; and the place or places within the district 62 where the proposed rates, fees and charges may be inspected 63 by the public. A reasonable number of copies of the proposal 64 shall be kept at the place or places and be made available for public inspection. The notice shall also advise that interested 65 66 parties may appear at the public hearing before the board and 67 be heard with respect to the proposed rates, fees and charges.

(D) The proposed rates, fees and charges shall be read at
two meetings of the board with at least two weeks intervening
between each meeting. The public hearing may be conducted
with or following the second reading.

72 (E) Rates, fees and charges approved by an affirmative 73 vote of the board shall be forwarded in writing to the county 74 commission appointing the approving board. The county 75 commission shall publish notice of the proposed rates, fees 76 and charges by a Class 1 legal advertisement in compliance 77 with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of the 78 code. Within forty-five days of receipt of the proposed rates, 79 fees and charges, the county commission shall take action to 80 approve or reject the proposed rates, fees and charges. After 81 forty-five days, the proposed rates, fees and charges shall be effective with no further action by the board or county
commission. In any event, this 45-day period shall be
mandatory unless extended by the official action of both the
board proposing the rates, fees and charges, and the
appointing county commission.

87 (F) Enactment of the proposed rates, fees and charges 88 shall follow an affirmative vote by the county commission 89 and shall be effective no sooner than forty-five days 90 following action. The 45-day waiting period may be waived 91 by public vote of the county commission only if the 92 commission finds and declares the district to be in financial 93 distress such that the 45-day waiting period would be 94 detrimental to the ability of the district to deliver continued 95 and compliant public services.

96 (3) Where water, sewer, stormwater or gas services, or any combination thereof, are all furnished to any premises, 97 98 the schedule of charges may be billed as a single amount for 99 the aggregate of the charges. The board shall require all users 100 of services and facilities furnished by the district to designate 101 on every application for service whether the applicant is a 102 tenant or an owner of the premises to be served. If the 103 applicant is a tenant, he or she shall state the name and 104 address of the owner or owners of the premises to be served 105 by the district. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 106 eight, article three, chapter twenty-four of this code to the 107 contrary, all new applicants for service shall deposit the 108 greater of a sum equal to two twelfths of the average annual 109 usage of the applicant's specific customer class or \$50, with 110 the district to secure the payment of service rates, fees and 111 charges in the event they become delinquent as provided in 112 this section. If a district provides both water and sewer 113 service, all new applicants for service shall deposit the 114 greater of a sum equal to two twelfths of the average annual 115 usage for water service or \$50 and the greater of a sum equal 116 to two twelfths of the average annual usage for wastewater

117 service of the applicant's specific customer class or \$50. In 118 any case where a deposit is forfeited to pay service rates, fees 119 and charges which were delinquent at the time of 120 disconnection or termination of service, no reconnection or 121 reinstatement of service may be made by the district until 122 another deposit equal to the greater of a sum equal to two 123 twelfths of the average usage for the applicant's specific 124 customer class or \$50 has been remitted to the district. After twelve months of prompt payment history, the district shall 125 126 return the deposit to the customer or credit the customer's 127 account at a rate as the Public Service Commission may 128 prescribe: *Provided*. That where the customer is a tenant, the 129 district is not required to return the deposit until the time the 130 tenant discontinues service with the district. Whenever any 131 rates, fees, rentals or charges for services or facilities 132 furnished remain unpaid for a period of twenty days after the 133 same become due and payable, the user of the services and 134 facilities provided is delinquent and the user is liable at law 135 until all rates, fees and charges are fully paid. The board may, 136 under reasonable rules promulgated by the Public Service 137 Commission, shut off and discontinue water or gas services 138 to all delinquent users of either water or gas facilities, or 139 both, ten days after the water or gas services become 140 delinquent: Provided, however, That nothing contained 141 within the rules of the Public Service Commission shall be 142 deemed to require any agents or employees of the board to 143 accept payment at the customer's premises in lieu of 144 discontinuing service for a delinquent bill.

145 (b) In the event that any publicly or privately owned 146 utility, city, incorporated town, other municipal corporation 147 or other public service district included within the district 148 owns and operates separately water facilities, sewer facilities 149 or stormwater facilities and the district owns and operates 150 another kind of facility, either water or sewer, or both, as the 151 case may be, then the district and the publicly or privately 152 owned utility, city, incorporated town or other municipal

corporation or other public service district shall covenant and 153 contract with each other to shut off and discontinue the 154 155 supplying of water service for the nonpayment of sewer or 156 stormwater service fees and charges: Provided. That any 157 contracts entered into by a public service district pursuant to 158 this section shall be submitted to the Public Service 159 Commission for approval. Any public service district which 160 provides water and sewer service, water and stormwater 161 service or water, sewer and stormwater service has the right 162 to terminate water service for delinquency in payment of 163 water, sewer or stormwater bills. Where one public service 164 district is providing sewer service and another public service 165 district or a municipality included within the boundaries of 166 the sewer or stormwater district is providing water service 167 and the district providing sewer or stormwater service 168 experiences a delinquency in payment, the district or the 169 municipality included within the boundaries of the sewer or 170 stormwater district that is providing water service, upon the 171 request of the district providing sewer or stormwater service to the delinquent account, shall terminate its water service to 172 173 the customer having the delinquent sewer or stormwater 174 account: Provided, however, That any termination of water 175 service must comply with all rules and orders of the Public 176 Service Commission: Provided further, That nothing 177 contained within the rules of the Public Service Commission 178 shall be deemed to require any agents or employees of the 179 public service districts to accept payment at the customer's 180 premises in lieu of discontinuing service for a delinquent bill.

181 (c) Any district furnishing sewer facilities within the 182 district may require or may, by petition to the circuit court of 183 the county in which the property is located, compel or may 184 require the Division of Health to compel all owners, tenants 185 or occupants of any houses, dwellings and buildings located 186 near any sewer facilities where sewage will flow by gravity 187 or be transported by other methods approved by the Division of Health, including, but not limited to, vacuum and pressure 188

189 systems, approved under the provisions of section nine, 190 article one, chapter sixteen of this code, from the houses, 191 dwellings or buildings into the sewer facilities, to connect 192 with and use the sewer facilities and to cease the use of all 193 other means for the collection, treatment and disposal of 194 sewage and waste matters from the houses, dwellings and 195 buildings where there is gravity flow or transportation by any 196 other methods approved by the Division of Health, including, 197 but not limited to, vacuum and pressure systems, approved 198 under the provisions of section nine, article one of this chapter and the houses, dwellings and buildings can be 199 200 adequately served by the sewer facilities of the district and it 201 is declared that the mandatory use of the sewer facilities 202 provided for in this subsection is necessary and essential for 203 the health and welfare of the inhabitants and residents of the 204 districts and of the state. If the public service district requires 205 the property owner to connect with the sewer facilities even 206 when sewage from dwellings may not flow to the main line 207 by gravity and the property owner incurs costs for any 208 changes in the existing dwellings' exterior plumbing in order 209 to connect to the main sewer line, the public service district 210 board shall authorize the district to pay all reasonable costs 211 for the changes in the exterior plumbing, including, but not 212 limited to, installation, operation, maintenance and purchase 213 of a pump or any other method approved by the Division of 214 Health, Maintenance and operation costs for the extra 215 installation should be reflected in the users charge for 216 approval of the Public Service Commission. The circuit court 217 shall adjudicate the merits of the petition by summary hearing 218 to be held not later than thirty days after service of petition to 219 the appropriate owners, tenants or occupants.

(d) Whenever any district has made available sewer
facilities to any owner, tenant or occupant of any house,
dwelling or building located near the sewer facility and the
engineer for the district has certified that the sewer facilities
are available to and are adequate to serve the owner, tenant

225 or occupant and sewage will flow by gravity or be 226 transported by other methods approved by the Division of 227 Health from the house, dwelling or building into the sewer 228 facilities, the district may charge, and the owner, tenant or 229 occupant shall pay, the rates and charges for services 230 established under this article only after thirty days' notice of 231 the availability of the facilities has been received by the 232 owner, tenant or occupant. Rates and charges for sewage 233 services shall be based upon actual water consumption or the 234 average monthly water consumption based upon the owner's, 235 tenant's or occupant's specific customer class.

236 (e) The owner, tenant or occupant of any real property 237 may be determined and declared to be served by a stormwater 238 system only after each of the following conditions is met: (1) 239 The district has been designated by the Environmental 240 Protection Agency as an entity to serve a West Virginia 241 Separate Storm Sewer System community, as defined in 40 242 C. F. R. §122.26; (2) the district's authority has been properly 243 expanded to operate and maintain a stormwater system; (3) 244 the district has made available a stormwater system where 245 stormwater from the real property affects or drains into the 246 stormwater system; and (4) the real property is located in the 247 Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System's designated service 248 area. It is further hereby found, determined and declared that 249 the mandatory use of the stormwater system is necessary and 250 essential for the health and welfare of the inhabitants and 251 residents of the district and of the state. The district may 252 charge and the owner, tenant or occupant shall pay the rates, 253 fees and charges for stormwater services established under 254 this article only after thirty days' notice of the availability of 255 the stormwater system has been received by the owner. An 256 entity providing stormwater service shall provide a tenant a 257 report of the stormwater fee charged for the entire property 258 and, if appropriate, that portion of the fee to be assessed to 259 the tenant.

260 (f) All delinquent fees, rates and charges of the district 261 for either water facilities, sewer facilities, gas facilities or 262 stormwater systems or stormwater management programs 263 are liens on the premises served of equal dignity, rank and 264 priority with the lien on the premises of state, county, 265 school and municipal taxes. Nothing contained within the 266 rules of the Public Service Commission shall be deemed to 267 require any agents or employees of the public service 268 districts to accept payment at the customer's premises in 269 lieu of discontinuing service for a delinquent bill. In addition to the other remedies provided in this section, 270 public service districts are granted a deferral of filing fees 271 272 or other fees and costs incidental to the bringing and 273 maintenance of an action in magistrate court for the 274 collection of delinquent water, sewer, stormwater or gas 275 bills. If the district collects the delinquent account, plus 276 reasonable costs, from its customer or other responsible 277 party, the district shall pay to the magistrate the normal 278 filing fee and reasonable costs which were previously 279 deferred. In addition, each public service district may 280 exchange with other public service districts a list of 281 delinquent accounts: Provided, That an owner of real 282 property may not be held liable for the delinquent rates or 283 charges for services or facilities of a tenant, nor may any 284 lien attach to real property for the reason of delinquent rates 285 or charges for services or facilities of a tenant of the real 286 property unless the owner has contracted directly with the 287 public service district to purchase the services or facilities.

288 Anything in this section to (g) the contrary 289 notwithstanding, any establishment, as defined in section 290 three, article eleven, chapter twenty-two of this code, now or 291 hereafter operating its own sewage disposal system pursuant 292 to a permit issued by the Department of Environmental 293 Protection, as prescribed by section eleven of said article, is 294 exempt from the provisions of this section.

(h) A public service district which has been designated by
the Environmental Protection Agency as an entity to serve a
West Virginia Separate Storm Sewer System community
shall prepare an annual report detailing the collection and
expenditure of rates, fees or charges and make it available for
public review at the place of business of the governing body
and the stormwater utility main office.

§16-13A-25. Borrowing and bond issuance; procedure.

1 A public service district has plenary power to borrow 2 money, enter into contracts for the provision of engineering, 3 design or feasibility studies, issue or contract to issue revenue 4 bonds or exercise any of the powers conferred by the 5 provisions of section thirteen, twenty or twenty-four of this article. Upon written request of the public service board 6 7 contemplating such transaction or project, the Public Service 8 Commission shall provide technical support to the public 9 service board, including, but not limited to, engineering, design and financial analysis of the proposed transaction or 10 11 project.

CHAPTER 24. PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

ARTICLE I. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§24-1-1. Legislative purpose and policy; plan for internal reorganization; promulgation of plan as rule; cooperation with Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

1 (a) It is the purpose and policy of the Legislature in 2 enacting this chapter to confer upon the Public Service 3 Commission of this state the authority and duty to enforce 4 and regulate the practices, services and rates of public 5 utilities in order to:

6 (1) Ensure fair and prompt regulation of public utilities in
7 the interest of the using and consuming public;

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8 (2) Provide the availability of adequate, economical and
9 reliable utility services throughout the state;

(3) Encourage the well-planned development of utility
resources in a manner consistent with state needs and in ways
consistent with the productive use of the state's energy
resources, such as coal;

(4) Ensure that rates and charges for utility services are
just, reasonable, applied without unjust discrimination or
preference, applied in a manner consistent with the purposes
and policies set forth in article two-a of this chapter and
based primarily on the costs of providing these services;

19 (5) Encourage energy conservation and the effective and20 efficient management of regulated utility enterprises; and

(6) Encourage removal of artificial barriers to rail carrier
service, stimulate competition, stimulate the free flow of
goods and passengers throughout the state and promote the
expansion of the tourism industry, thereby improving the
economic condition of the state.

26 (b) The Legislature creates the Public Service 27 Commission to exercise the legislative powers delegated to 28 it. The Public Service Commission is charged with the 29 responsibility for appraising and balancing the interests of 30 current and future utility service customers, the general 31 interests of the state's economy and the interests of the 32 utilities subject to its jurisdiction in its deliberations and 33 decisions.

34 (c) The Legislature directs the Public Service
35 Commission to identify, explore and consider the potential
36 benefits or risks associated with emerging and state-of-the-art
37 concepts in utility management, rate design and conservation.
38 The commission may conduct inquiries and hold hearings

regarding such concepts in order to provide utilities subject to its jurisdiction and other interested persons the opportunity to comment and shall report to the Governor and the Legislature regarding its findings and policies to each of these areas not later than the first day of the regular session of the Legislature in the year 1985, and every two years thereafter.

46 (d) It is legislative policy to ensure that the Legislature 47 and the general public become better informed regarding the 48 regulation of public utilities in this state and the conduct of 49 the business of the Public Service Commission. To aid in the 50 achievement of this policy, the Public Service Commission 51 annually shall present to the Joint Committee on Government 52 and Finance, created by article three, chapter four of this 53 code, or a subcommittee designated by the joint committee, 54 a management summary report which describes in a concise 55 manner:

- 56 (1) The major activities of the commission for the year
 57 especially as such activities relate to the implementation of
 58 the provisions of this chapter;
- 59 (2) Important policy decisions reached and initiatives60 undertaken during the year;
- 61 (3) The current balance of supply and demand for natural
 62 gas and electric utility services in the state and forecast of the
 63 probable balance for the next ten years; and
- 64 (4) Other information considered by the commission to be
 65 important including recommendations for statutory reform
 66 and the reasons for such recommendations.
- 67 (e) In addition to any other studies and reports required
 68 to be conducted and made by the Public Service Commission
 69 pursuant to any other provision of this section, the

70 commission shall study and initially report to the Legislature

- 71 no later than the first day of the regular session of the
- 72 Legislature in the year 1980 upon:

73 (1) The extent to which natural gas wells or wells 74 heretofore supplying gas utilities in this state have been 75 capped off or shut in; the number of such wells; their 76 probable extent of future production and the reasons given and any justification for capping off or shutting in such wells; 77 78 the reasons, if any, why persons engaged or heretofore 79 engaged in the development of gas wells in this state or the 80 Appalachian areas have been discouraged from drilling. 81 developing or selling the production of such wells; and 82 whether there are fixed policies by any utility or group of 83 utilities to avoid the purchase of natural gas produced in the 84 Appalachian region of the United States generally and in 85 West Virginia specifically.

86 (2) The extent of the export and import of natural gas87 utility supplies in West Virginia.

88 (3) The cumulative effect of the practices mentioned in 89 subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection upon rates 90 theretofore and hereafter charged gas utility customers in 91 West Virginia. In carrying out the provisions of this section 92 the commission shall have jurisdiction over such persons, 93 whether public utilities or not, as may be in the opinion of the 94 commission necessary to the exercise of its mandate and may 95 compel attendance before it, take testimony under oath and 96 compel the production of papers or other documents. Upon 97 reasonable request by the commission, all other state agencies 98 shall cooperate with the commission in carrying out the 99 provisions and requirements of this subsection.

(f) No later than the first day of the regular session of the
Legislature in the year 1980, the Public Service Commission
shall submit to the Legislature a plan for internal

103 reorganization which plan shall specifically address the 104 following:

(1) A division within the Public Service Commission
which shall include the office of the commissioners, the
hearing examiners and such support staff as may be necessary
to carry out the functions of decisionmaking and general
supervision of the commission, which functions shall not
include advocacy in cases before the commission;

111 (2) The creation of a division which shall act as an
112 advocate for the position of and in the interest of all
113 customers;

(3) The means and procedures by which the division to be created pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (2) of this subsection shall protect the interests of each class of customers and the means by which the commission will assure that such division will be financially and departmentally independent of the division created by subdivision (1) of this subsection;

121 (4) The creation of a division within the Public Service 122 Commission which shall assume the duties and 123 responsibilities now charged to the commissioners with 124 regard to motor carriers which division shall exist separately 125 from those divisions set out in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this 126 subsection and which shall relieve the commissioners of all 127 except minimal administrative responsibilities as to motor 128 carriers and which plan shall provide for a hearing procedure 129 to relieve the commissioners from hearing motor carrier 130 cases;

131 (5) Which members of the staff of the Public Service
132 Commission shall be exempted from the salary schedules or
133 pay plan adopted by the Civil Service Commission and
134 identify such staff members by job classification or

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designation, together with the salary or salary ranges for eachsuch job classification or designation;

137 (6) The manner in which the commission will strengthen 138 its knowledge and independent capacity to analyze key 139 conditions and trends in the industries it regulates extending 140 from general industry analysis and supply-demand forecasting to continuing and more thorough scrutiny of the 141 142 capacity planning, construction management, operating 143 performance and financial condition of the major companies 144 within these industries.

145 Such plan shall be based on the concept that each of the 146 divisions mentioned in subdivisions (1), (2) and (4) of this 147 subsection shall exist independently of the others and the plan 148 shall discourage ex parte communications between them by 149 such means as the commission shall direct, including, but not 150 limited to, separate clerical and professional staffing for each 151 division. Further, the Public Service Commission is directed to 152 incorporate within the said plan to the fullest extent possible the 153 recommendations presented to the subcommittee on the Public 154 Service Commission of the Joint Committee on Government 155 and Finance in a final report dated February, 1979, and entitled 156 A Plan for Regulatory Reform and Management Improvement.

157 The commission shall, before January 5, 1980, adopt said 158 plan by order, which order shall promulgate the same as a 159 rule of the commission to be effective upon the date specified 160 in said order, which date shall be no later than December 31, 161 1980. Certified copies of such order and rule shall be filed on 162 the first day of the 1980 regular session of the Legislature, by 163 the chairman of the commission with the clerk of each house 164 of the Legislature, the Governor and the Secretary of State. The chairman of the commission shall also file with the office 165 166 of the Secretary of State the receipt of the clerk of each house and of the Governor, which receipt shall evidence compliance 167 168 with this section.

Upon the filing of a certified copy of such order and rule,
the clerk of each house of the Legislature shall report the
same to their respective houses and the presiding officer
thereof shall refer the same to appropriate standing committee
or committees.

174 Within the limits of funds appropriated therefor, the rule 175 of the Public Service Commission shall be effective upon the 176 date specified in the order of the commission promulgating it 177 unless an alternative plan be adopted by general law or unless 178 the rule is disapproved by a concurrent resolution of the 179 Legislature adopted prior to adjournment sine die of the 180 regular session of the Legislature to be held in the year 1980: 181 Provided, That if such rule is approved in part and 182 disapproved in part by a concurrent resolution of the 183 Legislature adopted prior to such adjournment, such rule shall 184 be effective to the extent and only to the extent that the same 185 is approved by such concurrent resolution.

186 The rules promulgated and made effective pursuant to
187 this section shall be effective notwithstanding any other
188 provisions of this code for the promulgation of rules or
189 regulations.

(g) The Public Service Commission is hereby directed to
cooperate with the Joint Committee on Government and
Finance of the Legislature in its review, examination and
study of the administrative operations and enforcement
record of the Railroad Safety Division of the Public Service
Commission and any similar studies.

(h) (1) The Legislature hereby finds that rates for natural
gas charged to customers of all classes have risen
dramatically in recent years to the extent that such increases
have adversely affected all customer classes. The Legislature
further finds that it must take action necessary to mitigate the
adverse consequences of these dramatic rate increases.

202 (2) The Legislature further finds that the practices of 203 natural gas utilities in purchasing high-priced gas supplies, in 204 purchasing gas supplies from out-of-state sources when West 205 Virginia possesses abundant natural gas, and in securing 206 supplies, directly or indirectly, by contractual agreements, 207 including take-or-pay provisions, indefinite price escalators 208 or most-favored nation clauses have contributed to the 209 dramatic increase in natural gas prices. It is therefore the policy of the Legislature to discourage such purchasing 210 211 practices in order to protect all customer classes.

(3) The Legislature further finds that it is in the best interests of the citizens of West Virginia to encourage the transportation of natural gas in intrastate commerce by interstate or intrastate pipelines or by local distribution companies in order to provide competition in the natural gas industry and in order to provide natural gas to consumers at the lowest possible price.

219 (i) The Legislature further finds that transactions between 220 utilities and affiliates are a contributing factor to the increase 221 in natural gas and electricity prices and tend to confuse 222 consideration of a proper rate of return calculation. The 223 Legislature therefore finds that it is imperative that the Public 224 Service Commission have the opportunity to properly study 225 the issue of proper rate of return for lengthy periods of time 226 and to limit the return of a utility to a proper level when 227 compared to return or profit that affiliates earn on 228 transactions with sister utilities.

(j) The Legislature further finds that water and sewer
utilities that are political subdivisions of the state providing
separate or combined services and having at least four
thousand five hundred customers and annual gross revenues
of \$3 million or more are most fairly and effectively
regulated by the local governing body with respect to rates,
borrowing and capital projects. Therefore, notwithstanding

25	[Enr. Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 234
236 237 238 239	any contrary provisions of this section, the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission over water and sewer utilities that are political subdivisions of the state is limited to that granted specifically in this code.
240 241	(k) The Legislature further finds that an adequate cash working capital fund is essential to allow water and sewer
212	utilities that are political subdivisions of the state to deliver

utilities that are political subdivisions of the state to deliver continuous and compliant service. Therefore, these utilities shall maintain a working capital reserve in an amount of no less than one eighth of actual annual operation and maintenance expense. This reserve shall be separate and distinct from and in addition to any repair and replacement fund that may be required by bond covenants.

§24-1-1b. Supplemental rule for reorganization.

1 The Public Service Commission shall, by general order, 2 create a division within its staff which shall, upon written 3 request of the governing body of a political subdivision that 4 operates a water, sewer and/or stormwater utility, provide 5 legal, operational, engineering, financial, ratemaking and 6 accounting advice and assistance to water, sewer and/or 7 stormwater utilities that are political subdivisions of the state 8 and may perform or participate in the studies required under 9 section one-b, article thirteen-a, chapter sixteen of this code.

§24-1-2. Definitions.

1 Except where a different meaning clearly appears from 2 the context, the words "public utility", when used in this 3 chapter, shall mean and include any person or persons, or 4 association of persons, however associated, whether 5 incorporated or not, including municipalities, engaged in any 6 business, whether herein enumerated or not, which is, or shall 7 hereafter be held to be, a public service. Whenever in this 8 chapter the words "commission" or "Public Service

Commission" occur, such word or words shall, unless a 9 10 different intent clearly appears from the context, be taken to mcan the Public Service Commission of West Virginia. 11 Whenever used in this chapter, "customer" shall mean and 12 13 include any person, firm, corporation, municipality, public 14 service district or any other entity who purchases a product 15 or services of any utility and shall include any such person, firm, corporation, municipality, public service district or any 16 other entity who purchases such services or product for 17 18 resale. Whenever in this chapter the words "governing body" 19 occur, such word or words shall, unless a different intent 20 clearly appears from the context, be taken to mean the municipal body charged with the authority and responsibility 21 22 of enacting ordinances of the municipality, as defined in 23 section two, article one, chapter eight of this code, or a public service board of a public service district, as defined in section 24 three, article thirteen-a, chapter sixteen of this code. 25

ARTICLE 2. POWERS AND DUTIES OF PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

§24-2-1. Jurisdiction of commission; waiver of jurisdiction.

(a) The jurisdiction of the commission shall extend to all
 public utilities in this state and shall include any utility
 engaged in any of the following public services:

4 Common carriage of passengers or goods, whether by air, railroad, street railroad, motor or otherwise, by express or 5 6 otherwise, by land, water or air, whether wholly or partly by 7 land, water or air; transportation of oil, gas or water by 8 pipeline; transportation of coal and its derivatives and all mixtures and combinations thereof with other substances by 9 pipeline: sleeping car or parlor car services: transmission of 10 11 messages by telephone, telegraph or radio; generation and 12 transmission of electrical energy by hydroelectric or other 13 utilities for service to the public, whether directly or through 14 a distributing utility; supplying water, gas or electricity by

municipalities or others; sewer systems servicing twenty-five 15 16 or more persons or firms other than the owner of the sewer 17 systems: *Provided*. That if a public utility other than a 18 political subdivision intends to provide sewer service by an 19 innovative, alternative method, as defined by the federal 20 Environmental Protection Agency, the innovative, alternative 21 method is a public utility function and subject to the 22 jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission regardless of 23 the number of customers served by the innovative, alternative 24 method; any public service district created under the 25 provisions of article thirteen-a, chapter sixteen of this code: 26 toll bridges, wharves, ferries; solid waste facilities; and any 27 other public service: Provided, however, That natural gas 28 producers who provide natural gas service to not more than 29 twenty-five residential customers are exempt from the 30 jurisdiction of the commission with regard to the provisions of such residential service: Provided further. That upon 31 32 request of any of the customers of such natural gas producers. 33 the commission may, upon good cause being shown, exercise 34 such authority as the commission may deem appropriate over the operation, rates and charges of such producer and for such 35 36 length of time as the commission may consider to be proper.

37 (b) The jurisdiction of the commission over political
38 subdivisions of this state providing separate or combined
39 services and having at least four thousand five hundred
40 customers and annual combined gross revenues of \$3 million
41 or more that are political subdivisions of the state is limited
42 to:

43 (1) General supervision of public utilities, as granted and
44 described in section five of this article;

45 (2) Regulation of measurements, practices, acts or
46 services, as granted and described in section seven of this
47 article;

48 (3) Regulation of a system of accounts to be kept by a
49 public utility that is a political subdivision of the state, as
50 granted and described in section eight of this article;

51 (4) Submission of information to the commission
52 regarding rates, tolls, charges or practices, as granted and
53 described in section nine of this article;

54 (5) Authority to subpoena witnesses, take testimony and 55 administer oaths to any witness in any proceeding before or 56 conducted by the commission, as granted and described in 57 section ten of this article; and

58 (6) Investigation and resolution of disputes involving 59 political subdivisions of the state regarding inter-utility 60 agreements, rates, fees and charges, service areas and 61 contested utility combinations.

62 (7) Customers of water and sewer utilities operated by a 63 political subdivision of the state and customers of stormwater 64 utilities operated by a public service district may bring formal 65 or informal complaints regarding the commission's exercise 66 of the powers enumerated in this section and the commission 67 shall resolve these complaints.

68 (8) In the event that a political subdivision has a 69 deficiency in either its bond revenue or bond reserve 70 accounts, or is otherwise in breach of a bond covenant, the 71 bond holder may petition the Public Service Commission for 72 such redress as will bring the accounts to current status or 73 otherwise resolve the breached covenant, and the commission 74 shall have jurisdiction to fully resolve the alleged deficiency 75 or breach.

(c) The commission may, upon application, waive its
jurisdiction and allow a utility operating in an adjoining state
to provide service in West Virginia when:

(1) An area of West Virginia cannot be practicably and
economically served by a utility licensed to operate within
the State of West Virginia;

82 (2) Said area can be provided with utility service by a
83 utility which operates in a state adjoining West Virginia;

84 (3) The utility operating in the adjoining state is regulated
85 by a regulatory agency or commission of the adjoining state;
86 and

(4) The number of customers to be served is not
substantial. The rates the out-of-state utility charges West
Virginia customers shall be the same as the rate the utility is
duly authorized to charge in the adjoining jurisdiction. The
commission, in the case of any such utility, may revoke its
waiver of jurisdiction for good cause.

93 (d) Any other provisions of this chapter to the contrary94 notwithstanding:

95 (1) An owner or operator of an electric generating facility located or to be located in this state that has been designated 96 97 as an exempt wholesale generator under applicable federal 98 law, or will be so designated prior to commercial operation 99 of the facility, and for which such facility the owner or 100 operator holds a certificate of public convenience and 101 necessity issued by the commission on or before July 1, 2003. 102 shall be subject to subsections (e), (f), (g), (h), (i) and (j), 103 section eleven-c of this article as if the certificate of public 104 convenience and necessity for such facility were a siting 105 certificate issued under said section and shall not otherwise 106 be subject to the jurisdiction of the commission or to the 107 provisions of this chapter with respect to such facility except 108 for the making or constructing of a material modification 109 thereof as provided in subdivision (5) of this subsection.

110 (2) Any person, corporation or other entity that intends to 111 construct or construct and operate an electric generating 112 facility to be located in this state that has been designated as 113 an exempt wholesale generator under applicable federal law, 114 or will be so designated prior to commercial operation of the 115 facility, and for which facility the owner or operator does not 116 hold a certificate of public convenience and necessity issued 117 by the commission on or before July 1, 2003, shall, prior to 118 commencement of construction of the facility, obtain a siting 119 certificate from the commission pursuant to the provisions of section eleven-c of this article in lieu of a certificate of public 120 121 convenience and necessity pursuant to the provisions of 122 section eleven of this article. An owner or operator of an 123 electric generating facility as is described in this subdivision 124 for which a siting certificate has been issued by the commission shall be subject to subsections (e), (f), (g), (h), (i) 125 126 and (j), section eleven-c of this article and shall not otherwise 127 be subject to the jurisdiction of the commission or to the 128 provisions of this chapter with respect to such facility except 129 for the making or constructing of a material modification 130 thereof as provided in subdivision (5) of this subsection.

131 (3) An owner or operator of an electric generating facility 132 located in this state that had not been designated as an exempt 133 wholesale generator under applicable federal law prior to 134 commercial operation of the facility that generates electric 135 energy solely for sale at retail outside this state or solely for 136 sale at wholesale in accordance with any applicable federal 137 law that preempts state law or solely for both such sales at 138 retail and such sales at wholesale and that had been 139 constructed and had engaged in commercial operation on or 140 before July 1, 2003, shall not be subject to the jurisdiction of the commission or to the provisions of this chapter with 141 142 respect to such facility, regardless of whether such facility 143 subsequent to its construction has been or will be designated 144 as an exempt wholesale generator under applicable federal 145 law: Provided, That such owner or operator shall be subject

to subdivision (5) of this subsection if a material modificationof such facility is made or constructed.

148 (4) Any person, corporation or other entity that intends to 149 construct or construct and operate an electric generating facility to be located in this state that has not been or will not 150 151 be designated as an exempt wholesale generator under 152 applicable federal law prior to commercial operation of the 153 facility that will generate electric energy solely for sale at 154 retail outside this state or solely for sale at wholesale in 155 accordance with any applicable federal law that preempts 156 state law or solely for both such sales at retail and such sales 157 at wholesale and that had not been constructed and had not 158 been engaged in commercial operation on or before July 1, 159 2003, shall, prior to commencement of construction of the 160 facility, obtain a siting certificate from the commission 161 pursuant to the provisions of section eleven-c of this article 162 in lieu of a certificate of public convenience and necessity 163 pursuant to the provisions of section eleven of this article. 164 An owner or operator of an electric generating facility as is described in this subdivision for which a siting certificate has 165 166 been issued by the commission shall be subject to subsections 167 (e), (f), (g), (h), (i) and (j), section eleven-c of this article and shall not otherwise be subject to the jurisdiction of the 168 169 commission or to the provisions of this chapter with respect to such facility except for the making or constructing of a 170 171 material modification thereof as provided in subdivision (5) 172 of this subsection.

173 (5) An owner or operator of an electric generating facility 174 described in this subsection shall, before making or 175 constructing a material modification of the facility that is not 176 within the terms of any certificate of public convenience and 177 necessity or siting certificate previously issued for the facility 178 or an earlier material modification thereof, obtain a siting 179 certificate for the modification from the commission pursuant 180 to the provisions of section eleven-c of this article in lieu of

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a certificate of public convenience and necessity for the
modification pursuant to the provisions of section eleven of
this article and, except for the provisions of section eleven-c
of this article, shall not otherwise be subject to the
jurisdiction of the commission or to the provisions of this
chapter with respect to such modification.

187 (6) The commission shall consider an application for a 188 certificate of public convenience and necessity filed pursuant 189 to section eleven of this article to construct an electric 190 generating facility described in this subsection or to make or 191 construct a material modification of such electric generating 192 facility as an application for a siting certificate pursuant to 193 section eleven-c of this article if the application for the 194 certificate of public convenience and necessity was filed with the commission prior to July 1, 2003, and if the commission 195 196 has not issued a final order thereon as of that date.

197 (7) The limitations on the jurisdiction of the commission 198 over, and on the applicability of the provisions of this chapter 199 to, the owner or operator of an electric generating facility as 200 imposed by and described in this subsection shall not be 201 deemed to affect or limit the commission's jurisdiction over 202 contracts or arrangements between the owner or operator of 203 such facility and any affiliated public utility subject to the 204 provisions of this chapter.

§24-2-2. General power of commission to regulate public utilities.

1 (a) The commission is hereby given power to investigate 2 all rates, methods and practices of public utilities subject to 3 the provisions of this chapter; to require them to conform to 4 the laws of this state and to all rules, regulations and orders of the commission not contrary to law; and to require copies 5 6 of all reports, rates, classifications, schedules and timetables 7 in effect and used by the public utility or other person to be 8 filed with the commission, and all other information desired

9 by the commission relating to the investigation and 10 requirements, including inventories of all property in such form and detail as the commission may prescribe. 11 The 12 commission may compel obedience to its lawful orders by 13 mandamus or injunction or other proper proceedings in the 14 name of the state in any circuit court having jurisdiction of the parties or of the subject matter, or the Supreme Court of 15 16 Appeals directly, and the proceedings shall have priority over 17 all pending cases. The commission may change any 18 intrastate rate, charge or toll which is unjust or unreasonable 19 or any interstate charge with respect to matters of a purely 20 local nature which have not been regulated by or pursuant to 21 an act of Congress and may prescribe a rate, charge or toll 22 that is just and reasonable, and change or prohibit any 23 practice, device or method of service in order to prevent 24 undue discrimination or favoritism between persons and 25 between localities and between commodities for a like and 26 contemporaneous service. But in no case shall the rate, toll 27 or charge be more than the service is reasonably worth, 28 considering the cost of the service. Every order entered by the commission shall continue in force until the expiration of 29 the time, if any, named by the commission in the order, or 30 31 until revoked or modified by the commission, unless the 32 order is suspended, modified or revoked by order or decree 33 of a court of competent jurisdiction: Provided, That in the 34 case of utilities used by emergency shelter providers, the 35 commission shall prescribe such rates, charges or tolls that are the lowest available. "Emergency shelter provider" means 36 37 any nonprofit entity which provides temporary emergency 38 housing and services to the homeless or to victims of 39 domestic violence or other abuse.

40 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to
41 the contrary, rates are not discriminatory if, when considering
42 the debt costs associated with a future water or sewer project
43 which would not benefit existing customers, the commission
44 establishes rates which ensure that the future customers to be

45 served by the new project are solely responsible for the debt46 costs associated with the project.

47 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to 48 the contrary, the jurisdiction of the commission over water 49 and/or sewer utilities that are political subdivisions of the 50 state providing a separate or combined services and having at 51 least four thousand five hundred customers and annual 52 combined gross revenues of \$3 million or more shall be 53 limited to those powers enumerated in subsection (b), section 54 one of this article.

§24-2-3. General power of commission with respect to rates.

(a) The commission shall have power to enforce, 1 2 originate, establish, change and promulgate tariffs, rates, joint 3 rates, tolls and schedules for all public utilities except for 4 water and/or sewer utilities that are political subdivisions of 5 this state providing a separate or combined services and 6 having at least four thousand five hundred customers and 7 annual combined gross revenues of \$3 million or more: 8 Provided, That the commission may exercise such rate 9 authority over municipally owned electric or natural gas 10 utilities or a municipally owned water and/or sewer utility having less than four thousand five hundred customers and \$3 11 12 million dollars annual combined gross revenues, only under 13 the circumstances and limitations set forth in section four-b 14 of this article. And whenever the commission shall, after 15 hearing, find any existing rates, tolls, tariffs, joint rates or 16 schedules enacted or maintained by a utility regulated under 17 the provisions of this section to be unjust, unreasonable, 18 insufficient or unjustly discriminatory or otherwise in 19 violation of any of the provisions of this chapter, the 20 commission shall by an order fix reasonable rates, joint rates, 21 tariffs, tolls or schedules to be followed in the future in lieu 22 of those found to be unjust, unreasonable, insufficient or 23 unjustly discriminatory or otherwise in violation of any provisions of law, and the said commission, in fixing the rate
of any railroad company, may fix a fair, reasonable and just
rate to be charged on any branch line thereof, independent of
the rate charged on the main line of such railroad.

28 (b) In determining just and reasonable rates, the 29 commission may audit and investigate management practices 30 and policies, or have performed an audit and investigation of 31 such practices and policies, in order to determine whether the 32 utility is operating with efficiency and is utilizing sound 33 management practices. The commission shall adopt rules and 34 regulations setting forth the scope, frequency and application 35 of such audits and investigations to the various utilities 36 subject to its jurisdiction. The commission may include the 37 cost of conducting the management audit in the cost of 38 service of the utility.

39 (c) In determining just and reasonable rates, the
40 commission shall investigate and review transactions between
41 utilities and affiliates. The commission shall limit the total
42 return of the utility to a level which, when considered with
43 the level of profit or return the affiliate earns on transactions
44 with the utility, is just and reasonable.

§24-2-4a. Procedure for changing rates after June 30, 1981.

1 (a) After June 30, 1981, no public utility subject to this 2 chapter, except for water and/or sewer utilities that are 3 political subdivisions of the state providing separate or 4 combined services and having at least four thousand five 5 hundred customers and annual gross revenue of \$3 million or 6 more from its separate or combined services, shall change, suspend or annul any rate, joint rate, charge, rental or 7 8 classification except after thirty days' notice to the 9 commission and the public, which notice shall plainly state 10 the changes proposed to be made in the schedule then in force 11 and the time when the changed rates or charges shall go into

12 effect; but the commission may enter an order suspending the 13 proposed rate as hereinafter provided. The proposed changes 14 shall be shown by printing new schedules, or shall be plainly 15 indicated upon the schedules in force at the time, and kept 16 open to public inspection: *Provided*. That the commission 17 may, in its discretion, and for good cause shown, allow 18 changes upon less time than the notice herein specified, or 19 may modify the requirements of this section in respect to 20 publishing, posting and filing of tariffs, either by particular 21 instructions or by general order.

22 (b) Whenever there shall be filed with the commission any schedule stating a change in the rates or charges, or joint 23 24 rates or charges, or stating a new individual or joint rate or charge or joint classification or any new individual or joint 25 26 regulation or practice affecting any rate or charge, the 27 commission may, either upon complaint or upon its own 28 initiative without complaint, enter upon a hearing concerning 29 the propriety of such rate, charge, classification, regulation or 30 practice; and, if the commission so orders, it may proceed 31 without answer or other form of pleading by the interested 32 parties, but upon reasonable notice, and, pending such 33 hearing and the decisions thereon, the commission, upon 34 filing with such schedule and delivering to the public utility 35 affected thereby a statement in writing of its reasons for such 36 suspension, may suspend the operation of such schedule and 37 defer the use of such rate, charge, classification, regulation or 38 practice, but not for a longer period than two hundred seventy 39 days beyond the time when such rate, charge, classification, 40 regulation or practice would otherwise go into effect; and 41 after full hearing, whether completed before or after the rate, 42 charge, classification, regulation or practice goes into effect, the commission may make such order in reference to such 43 44 rate, charge, classification, regulation or practice as would be 45 proper in a proceeding initiated after the rate, charge, 46 classification, regulation or practice had become effective: 47 Provided, That in the case of a public utility having two 48 thousand five hundred customers or less and which is not a 49 political subdivision and which is not principally owned by 50 any other public utility corporation or public utility holding 51 corporation, the commission may suspend the operation of 52 such schedule and defer the use of such rate, charge, 53 classification, regulation or practice, but not for a longer 54 period than one hundred twenty days beyond the time when 55 such rate, charge, classification, regulation or practice would otherwise go into effect; and in the case of a public utility 56 57 having more than two thousand five hundred customers, but 58 not more than five thousand customers, and which is not a 59 political subdivision and which is not principally owned by 60 any other public utility corporation or public utility holding 61 corporation, the commission may suspend the operation of 62 such schedule and defer the use of such rate, charge, 63 classification, regulation or practice, but not for a longer 64 period than one hundred fifty days beyond the time when 65 such rate, charge, classification, regulation or practice would otherwise go into effect; and in the case of a public utility 66 67 having more than five thousand customers, but not more than 68 seven thousand five hundred customers, and which is not a 69 political subdivision and which is not principally owned by 70 any other public utility corporation or public utility holding 71 corporation, the commission may suspend the operation of such schedule and defer the use of such rate, charge, 72 73 classification, regulation or practice, but not for a longer 74 period than one hundred eighty days beyond the time when 75 such rate, charge, classification, regulation or practice would 76 otherwise go into effect; and after full hearing, whether 77 completed before or after the rate, charge, classification, 78 regulation or practice goes into effect, the commission may 79 make such order in reference to such rate, charge, 80 classification, regulation or practice as would be proper in a 81 proceeding initiated after the rate, charge, classification, regulation or practice had become effective: Provided, 82 83 however. That, in the case of rates established or proposed 84 that increase by less than twenty-five percent of the gross

85 revenue of the regulated public service district, there shall be 86 no suspension period in the case of rates established by a 87 public service district pursuant to section nine, article 88 thirteen-a, chapter sixteen of this code and the proposed rates 89 of public service districts shall go into effect upon the date of 90 filing with the commission, subject to refund modification at 91 the conclusion of the commission proceeding. In the case of 92 rates established or proposed that increase by more than 93 twenty-five percent of the gross revenue of the public service 94 district, the district may apply for, and the commission may 95 grant, a waiver of the suspension period and allow rates to be 96 effective upon the date of filing with the commission. The 97 public service district shall provide notice by Class 1 legal 98 advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation in its 99 service territory of the percentage increase in rates at least 100 fourteen days prior to the effective date of the increased rates. 101 Any refund determined to be determined to be due and owing 102 as a result of any difference between any final rates approved by the commission and the rates placed into effect subject to 103 104 refund shall be refunded by the public service district as a credit against each customer's account for a period of up to 105 106 six months after entry of the commission's final order. Any remaining balance which is not fully credited by credit within 107 108 six months after entry of the commission's final order shall 109 be directly refunded to the customer by check: Provided 110 *further*, That if any such hearing and decision thereon is not 111 concluded within the periods of suspension, as above stated, 112 such rate, charge, classification, regulation or practice shall 113 go into effect at the end of such period not subject to refund: And provided further, That if any such rate, charge, 114 115 classification, regulation or practice goes into effect because 116 of the failure of the commission to reach a decision, the same 117 shall not preclude the commission from rendering a decision 118 with respect thereto which would disapprove, reduce or modify any such proposed rate, charge, classification, 119 120 regulation or practice, in whole or in part, but any such 121 disapproval, reduction or modification shall not be deemed to

122 require a refund to the customers of such utility as to any rate. 123 charge, classification, regulation or practice so disapproved. 124 reduced or modified. The fact of any rate, charge, 125 classification, regulation or practice going into effect by 126 reason of the commission's failure to act thereon shall not 127 affect the commission's power and authority to subsequently 128 act with respect to any such application or change in any rate. 129 charge, classification, regulation or practice. Any rate, 130 charge, classification, regulation or practice which shall be 131 approved, disapproved, modified or changed, in whole or in 132 part, by decision of the commission shall remain in effect as 133 so approved, disapproved, modified or changed during the 134 period or pendency of any subsequent hearing thereon or 135 appeal therefrom. Orders of the commission affecting rates. 136 charges, classifications, regulations or practices which have 137 gone into effect automatically at the end of the of the 138 suspension period are prospective in effect.

139 (c) At any hearing involving a rate sought to be increased 140 or involving the change of any rate, charge, classification, 141 regulation or practice, the burden of proof to show the 142 justness and reasonableness of the increased rate or proposed 143 increased rate, or the proposed change of rate, charge, 144 classification, regulation or practice shall be upon the public 145 utility making application for such change. The commission 146 shall, whenever practicable and within budgetary constraints. 147 conduct one or more public hearings within the area served 148 by the public utility making application for such increase or 149 change, for the purpose of obtaining comments and evidence 150 on the matter from local ratepayers.

(d) Each public utility subject to the provisions of this
section shall be required to establish, in a written report
which shall be incorporated into each general rate case
application, that it has thoroughly investigated and
considered the emerging and state-of-the-art concepts in the
utility management, rate design and conservation as reported

157 by the commission under subsection (c), section one, article 158 one of this chapter as alternatives to, or in mitigation of, any 159 rate increase. The utility report shall contain as to each concept considered the reasons for adoption or rejection of 160 161 each. When in any case pending before the commission all evidence shall have been taken and the hearing completed, 162 163 the commission shall render a decision in such case. The 164 failure of the commission to render a decision with respect to 165 any such proposed change in any such rate, charge, 166 classification, regulation or practice within the various time 167 periods specified in this section after the application therefor 168 shall constitute neglect of duty on the part of the commission 169 and each member thereof.

170 (e) Where more than twenty members of the public are 171 affected by a proposed change in rates, it shall be a sufficient 172 notice to the public within the meaning of this section if such 173 notice is published as a Class II legal advertisement in 174 compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-175 nine of this code and the publication area for such publication 176 shall be the community where the majority of the resident 177 members of the public affected by such change reside or, in 178 case of nonresidents, have their principal place of business 179 within this state.

180 (f) The commission may order rates into effect subject to 181 refund, plus interest in the discretion of the commission, in 182 cases in which the commission determines that a temporary 183 or interim rate increase is necessary for the utility to avoid 184 financial distress, or in which the costs upon which these 185 rates are based are subject to modification by the commission 186 or another regulatory commission and to refund to the public 187 utility. In such case the commission may require such public utility to enter into a bond in an amount deemed by the 188 189 commission to be reasonable and conditioned upon the refund to the persons or parties entitled thereto of the amount of the 190 191 excess if such rates so put into effect are subsequently determined to be higher than those finally fixed for suchutility.

194 (g) No utility regulated under the provisions of this 195 section may make application for a general rate increase 196 while another general rate application is pending before the 197 commission and not finally acted upon, except pursuant to the 198 provisions of subsection (f) of this section. The provisions of 199 this subsection shall not be construed so as to prohibit any 200 such rate application from being made while a previous 201 application which has been finally acted upon by the 202 commission is pending before or upon appeal to the West 203 Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals.

§24-2-4b. Procedures for changing rates of electric and natural gas cooperatives, local exchange services of telephone cooperatives and municipally operated public utilities.

(a) The rates and charges of electric cooperatives, natural 1 2 gas cooperatives and municipal water and/or sewer utilities 3 that are political subdivisions of the state with at least four 4 thousand five hundred customers and annual combined gross 5 revenue of less than \$3 million dollars, except for municipally operated commercial solid waste facilities as 6 7 defined in section two, article fifteen, chapter twenty-two of 8 this code, and the rates and charges for local exchange 9 services provided by telephone cooperatives are not subject 10 to the rate approval provisions of section four or four-a of this 11 article, but are subject to the limited rate provisions of this 12 section.

(b) All rates and charges set by electric cooperatives,
natural gas cooperatives and municipally operated public
utilities that are political subdivisions of the state providing
water, sewer, electric and natural gas services and all rates
and charges for local exchange services set by telephone
cooperatives shall be just, reasonable, applied without unjust

19 discrimination between or preference for any customer or 20 class of customer and based primarily on the costs of providing these services. All rates and charges shall be 21 22 based upon the measured or reasonably estimated cost of 23 service and the equitable sharing of those costs between 24 customers based upon the cost of providing the service 25 received by the customer, including a reasonable plant-in-26 service depreciation expense. The rates and charges shall 27 be adopted by the electric, natural gas, telephone 28 cooperative or political subdivision's governing board or 29 body and, in the case of the municipally operated public 30 utility, by municipal ordinance to be effective not sooner 31 than forty-five days after adoption. The 45-day waiting 32 period may be waived by public vote of the governing body 33 if that body finds and declares the public utility that is a 34 political subdivision of the state to be in financial distress 35 such that the 45-day waiting period would be detrimental to 36 the ability of the utility to deliver continued and compliant 37 public services: Provided, That notice of intent to effect a 38 rate change shall be specified on the monthly billing 39 statement of the customers of the utility for the month next 40 preceding the month in which the rate change is to become 41 effective and the utility governing body shall give its 42 customers and, in the case of a cooperative, its customers, 43 members and stockholders, other reasonable notices as will 44 allow filing of timely objections to the proposed rate change 45 and full participation in municipal rate legislation through 46 the provision of a public forum in which customers may 47 comment upon the proposed rate change prior to an 48 enactment vote. The rates and charges or ordinance shall be 49 filed with the commission, together with any information 50 showing the basis of the rates and charges and other 51 information as the commission considers necessary. Any 52 change in the rates and charges with updated information shall be filed with the commission. If a petition, as set out 53 54 in subdivision (1), (2) or (3), subsection (c) of this section, 55 is received and the electric cooperative, natural gas

56 cooperative or telephone cooperative or municipality has 57 failed to file with the commission the rates and charges with 58 information showing the basis of rates and charges and 59 other information as the commission considers necessary, 60 the suspension period limitation of one hundred twenty days 61 and the one hundred-day period limitation for issuance of an 62 order by a hearing examiner, as contained in subsections (d) 63 and (e) of this section, is tolled until the necessary 64 information is filed. The electric cooperative, natural gas 65 cooperative, telephone cooperative or municipality shall set 66 the date when any new rate or charge is to go into effect.

67 (c) The commission shall review and approve or modify 68 the rates and charges of electric cooperatives, natural gas 69 cooperatives, telephone cooperatives, or municipal electric or 70 natural gas utilities and municipally owned water and/or 71 sewer utilities that are political subdivisions of the state and 72 having less than four thousand five hundred customers and \$3 million dollars of annual combined gross revenues upon the 73 74 filing of a petition within thirty days of the adoption of the 75 ordinance or resolution changing the rates or charges by:

76 (1) Any customer aggrieved by the changed rates or charges who presents to the commission a petition signed by 77 78 not less than twenty-five percent of the customers served by 79 the municipally operated electric or natural gas public utility or municipally owned water and/or sewer utility having less 80 81 than four thousand five hundred customers and \$3 million 82 dollars annual combined gross revenues or twenty-five 83 percent of the membership of the electric, natural gas or 84 telephone cooperative residing within the state;

(2) Any customer who is served by a municipally owned electric
or natural gas public utility and who resides outside the
corporate limits and who is affected by the change in the rates
or charges and who presents to the commission a petition
alleging discrimination between customers within and

90 without the municipal boundaries. The petition shall be91 accompanied by evidence of discrimination; or

92 (3) Any customer or group of customers of the 93 municipally owned electric or natural gas public utility who is affected by the change in rates who reside within the 94 municipal boundaries and who present a petition to the 95 96 commission alleging discrimination between a customer or 97 group of customers and other customers of the municipal 98 utility. The petition shall be accompanied by evidence of 99 discrimination.

100 (d) (1) The filing of a petition with the commission 101 signed by not less than twenty-five percent of the customers served by the municipally owned electric or natural gas 102 103 public utility or a municipally owned water and/or sewer 104 utility having less than four thousand five hundred customers or \$3 million dollars annual combined gross revenues or 105 106 twenty-five percent of the membership of the electric, natural 107 gas or telephone cooperative residing within the state under 108 subsection (c) of this section shall suspend the adoption of 109 the rate change contained in the ordinance or resolution for 110 a period of one hundred twenty days from the date the rates or charges would otherwise go into effect or until an order is 111 112 issued as provided herein.

(2) Upon sufficient showing of discrimination by 113 customers outside the municipal boundaries or a customer or 114 115 a group of customers within the municipal boundaries under 116 a petition filed under subdivision (2) or (3), subsection (c) of 117 this section, the commission shall suspend the adoption of the 118 rate change contained in the ordinance for a period of one hundred twenty days from the date the rates or charges would :119 otherwise go into effect or until an order is issued as provided 120 herein. A municipal rate ordinance enacted pursuant to the 121 122 provisions of this section and municipal charter or state code 123 that establishes or proposes a rate increase that results in an

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increase of less than twenty-five percent of the gross revenue of 124 125 the utility shall be presumed valid and rates shall be allowed to 126 go into effect, subject to refund, upon the date stated in that 127 ordinance. In the case of rates established or proposed that 128 increase by more than twenty-five percent of the gross revenue 129 of the municipally operated public utility, the utility may apply 130 for, and the commission may grant, a waiver of the suspension 131 period and allow rates to be effective upon cnactment.

132 (e) The commission shall forthwith appoint a hearing 133 examiner from its staff to review the grievances raised by the 134 petitioners. The hearing examiner shall conduct a public 135 hearing and shall, within one hundred days from the date the 136 rates or charges would otherwise go into effect, unless otherwise tolled as provided in subsection (b) of this section, 137 138 issue an order approving, disapproving or modifying, in whole 139 or in part, the rates or charges imposed by the electric, natural 140 gas or telephone cooperative or by the municipally operated 141 public utility pursuant to this section.

142 (f) Upon receipt of a petition for review of the rates under 143 the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, the commission 144 may exercise the power granted to it under the provisions of section three of this article, consistent with the applicable rate 145 146 provisions of section twenty, article ten, chapter eight of this 147 code, section four, article nineteen of said chapter and section 148 sixteen, article thirteen, chapter sixteen of this code. The 149 commission may determine the method by which the rates are reviewed and may grant and conduct a de novo hearing on the 150 151 matter if the customer, electric, natural gas or telephone 152 cooperative or municipality requests a hearing.

(g) The commission may, upon petition by an electric,
natural gas or telephone cooperative or municipal electric or
natural gas public utility or a municipally owned water and/or
sewer utility having less than four thousand five hundred
customers and \$3 million dollars annual combined gross

revenues, allow an interim or emergency rate to take effect, 158 159 subject to refund or future modification, if it is determined that 160 the interim or emergency rate is necessary to protect the 161 municipality from financial hardship attributable to the 162 purchase of the utility commodity sold, or the commission 163 determines that a temporary or interim rate increase is 164 necessary for the utility to avoid financial distress. In such 165 cases, the commission shall waive the 45-day waiting period 166 provided for in subsection (b) of this section and the one 167 hundred twenty-day suspension period provided for in 168 subsection (d) of this section.

(h) The commission shall, upon written request of the
governing body of a political subdivision, provide technical
assistance to the governing body in its deliberations regarding
a proposed rate increase.

(i) Notwithstanding any other provision, the commission
has no authority or responsibility with regard to the
regulation of rates, income, services or contracts by
municipally operated public utilities for services which are
transmitted and sold outside of the State of West Virginia.

(j) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to
the contrary, the jurisdiction of the commission over water
and/or sewer utilities that are political subdivisions of the
state and having at least four thousand five hundred
customers and annual gross combined revenues of \$3 million
or more shall be limited to those powers enumerated in
subsection (b), section one of this article.

§24-2-7. Unreasonable, etc., regulations, practices and services; receivership; procedures respecting receivership; appointment and compensation of receiver; liquidation.

1 (a) Whenever, under the provisions of this chapter, the 2 commission shall find any regulations, measurements,

3 practices, acts or service to be unjust, unreasonable, insufficient or unjustly discriminatory, or otherwise in 4 violation of any provisions of this chapter, or shall find that 5 any service is inadequate, or that any service which is 6 7 demanded cannot be reasonably obtained, the commission shall determine and declare, and by order fix reasonable 8 9 measurement, regulations, acts, practices or services, to be furnished, imposed, observed and followed in the state in lieu 10 of those found to be unjust, unreasonable, insufficient, or 11 12 unjustly discriminatory, inadequate or otherwise in violation 13 of this chapter, and shall make such other order respecting the 14 same as shall be just and reasonable.

15 (b) If the Public Service Commission shall determine that 16 any utility is unable or unwilling to adequately serve its customers or has been actually or effectively abandoned by 17 its owners, or that its management is grossly and willfully 18 inefficient, irresponsible or unresponsive to the needs of its 19 20 customers, the commission may petition to the circuit court 21 of any county wherein the utility does business for an order 22 attaching the assets of the utility and placing such utility under the sole control and responsibility of a receiver. If the 23 24 court determines that the petition is proper in all respects and 25 finds, after a hearing thereon, that the allegations contained in the petition are true, it shall grant the same and shall order 26 that the utility be placed in receivership. The court, in its 27 28 discretion and in consideration of the recommendation of the 29 commission, shall appoint a receiver who shall be a 30 individual, partnership or responsible corporation 31 knowledgeable in public utility affairs and who shall maintain 32 control and responsibility for the running and management of 33 the affairs of the utility. In so doing, the receiver shall 34 operate the utility so as to preserve the assets of the utility and to serve the best interests of its customers. The receiver 35 shall be compensated from the assets of said utility in an 36 37 amount to be determined by the court.

38 (c) Control of and responsibility for said utility shall 39 remain in the receiver until the same can, in the best interest 40 of the customers, be returned to the owners, transferred to other owners or assumed by another utility or public service 41 42 corporation: Provided, That if the court after hearing, 43 determines that control of and responsibility for the affairs of 44 the utility should not, in the best interests of its customers, be 45 returned to the legal owners thereof, the receiver shall 46 proceed to liquidate the assets of the utility in the manner 47 provided by law.

48 (d) The laws generally applicable to receivership shall49 govern receiverships created pursuant to this section.

§24-2-11. Requirements for certificate of public convenience and necessity.

1 (a) A public utility, person or corporation other than a 2 political subdivision of the state providing water, sewer 3 and/or stormwater services and having at least four thousand 4 five hundred customers and annual gross combined revenues 5 of \$3 million dollars or more may not begin the construction 6 of any plant, equipment, property or facility for furnishing to 7 the public any of the services enumerated in section one, 8 article two of this chapter, nor apply for, nor obtain any 9 franchise, license or permit from any municipality or other 10 governmental agency, except ordinary extensions of existing 11 systems in the usual course of business, unless and until it 12 shall obtain from the Public Service Commission a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing such 13 14 construction franchise, license or permit.

(b) Upon the filing of any application for the certificate,
and after hearing, the commission may, in its discretion, issue
or refuse to issue, or issue in part and refuse in part, the
certificate of convenience and necessity: *Provided*, That the
commission, after it gives proper notice and if no substantial

20 protest is received within thirty days after the notice is given, 21 may waive formal hearing on the application. Notice shall be 22 given by publication which shall state that a formal hearing 23 may be waived in the absence of substantial protest, made 24 within thirty days, to the application. The notice shall be 25 published as a Class I legal advertisement in compliance with 26 the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code. 27 The publication area shall be the proposed area of operation.

(c) Any public utility, person or corporation subject to the 28 29 provisions of this section other than a political subdivision of 30 the state providing water and/or sewer services having at least 31 four thousand five hundred customers and combined annual 32 gross revenue of \$3 million dollars or more shall give the 33 commission at least thirty days' notice of the filing of any 34 application for a certificate of public convenience and 35 necessity under this section: *Provided*, That the commission 36 may modify or waive the thirty-day notice requirement and shall waive the thirty-day notice requirement for projects 37 38 approved by the Infrastructure and Jobs Development 39 Council.

40 (d) The commission shall render its final decision on any 41 application filed under the provisions of this section or 42 section eleven-a of this article within two hundred seventy 43 days of the filing of the application and within ninety days 44 after final submission of any such application for decision 45 following a hearing: *Provided*, That if the application is for 46 authority to construct a water and sewer project and the 47 projected total cost is less than \$10 million, the commission 48 shall render its final decision within two hundred twenty-five 49 days of the filing of the application.

(e) The commission shall render its final decision on any
application filed under the provisions of this section that has
received the approval of the Infrastructure and Jobs
Development Council pursuant to article fifteen-a, chapter

х.

54 thirty-one of this code within one hundred eighty days after filing of the application: *Provided*. That if a substantial 55 56 protest is received within thirty days after the notice is 57 provided pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, the 58 commission shall render its final decision within two hundred 59 seventy days or two hundred twenty-five days of the filing of the application, whichever is applicable as determined in 60 61 subsection (d) of this section.

62 (f) If the projected total cost of a project which is the 63 subject of an application filed pursuant to this section or 64 section eleven-a of this article is greater than \$50 million, the 65 commission shall render its final decision on any such 66 application filed under the provisions of this section or 67 section eleven-a of this article within four hundred days of 68 the filing of the application and within ninety days after final 69 submission of any such application for decision after a 70 hearing.

(g) If a decision is not rendered within the time frames
established in this section, the commission shall issue a
certificate of convenience and necessity as applied for in the
application.

(h) The commission shall prescribe rules as it may deem
proper for the enforcement of the provisions of this section;
and, in establishing that public convenience and necessity do
exist, the burden of proof shall be upon the applicant.

(i) Pursuant to the requirements of this section, the
commission may issue a certificate of public convenience
and necessity to any intrastate pipeline, interstate pipeline
or local distribution company for the transportation in
intrastate commerce of natural gas used by any person for
one or more uses, as defined by rule, by the commission in
the case of:

86 (1) Natural gas sold by a producer, pipeline or other seller87 to the person; or

88 (2) Natural gas produced by the person.

89 (j) A public utility, including a public service district, which has received a certificate of public convenience and 90 91 necessity after July 8, 2005, from the commission and has 92 been approved by the Infrastructure and Jobs Development 93 Council is not required to, and cannot be compelled to, 94 reopen the proceeding if the cost of the project changes but 95 the change does not affect the rates established for the 96 project.

97 (k) Any public utility, person or corporation proposing
98 any electric power project that requires a certificate under this
99 section is not required to obtain such certificate before
100 applying for or obtaining any franchise, license or permit
101 from any municipality or other governmental agency.

102 (1) Water, sewer and/or stormwater utilities that are 103 political subdivisions of the state and having at least four 104 thousand five hundred customers and combined gross 105 revenues of \$3 million dollars or more desiring to pursue 106 construction projects that are not in the ordinary course of 107 business shall provide notice to both current customers and 108 those citizens who will be affected by the proposed 109 construction as follows:

(1) Adequate prior public notice of the contemplated
construction by causing a notice of intent to pursue a project
that is not in the ordinary course of business to be specified
on the monthly billing statement of the customers of the
utility for the month next preceding the month in which the
contemplated construction is to be before the governing body
on first reading.

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117 (2) Adequate prior public notice of the contemplated 118 construction by causing to be published as a Class I legal 119 advertisement of the proposed action, in compliance with the 120 provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of the code. The 121 publication area for publication shall be all territory served by 122 the district. If the political subdivision provides service in 123 more than one county, publication shall be made in a 124 newspaper of general circulation in each county that the 125 political subdivision provides service.

126 (3) The public notice of the proposed construction shall 127 state the scope of the proposed construction, the current rates, 128 fees and charges, the proposed changes to said rates, fees and 129 charges; the date, time and place of both a public hearing on 130 the proposal and the proposed final vote on adoption; and the 131 place or places within the political subdivision where the 132 proposed construction and the rates, fees and charges may be 133 inspected by the public. A reasonable number of copies of the 134 proposal shall be kept at the place or places and be made 135 available for public inspection. The notice shall also advise 136 that interested parties may appear at the public hearing before 137 the political subdivision and be heard with respect to the 138 proposed construction and the proposed rates, fees and 139 charges.

(4) The proposed construction and the proposed rates,
fees and charges shall be read at two meetings of the
governing body with at least two weeks intervening between
each meeting. The public hearing may be conducted with or
following the second reading.

(5) Enactment of the proposed construction and the
proposed rates, fees and charges shall follow an affirmative
vote of the governing body and shall be effective no sooner
than forty-five days following the action of the governing
body. If the political subdivision proposes rates that will go
into effect prior than the completion of construction of the

151 proposed project, the 45-day waiting period may be waived 152 by public vote of the governing body only if the political 153 subdivision finds and declares the political subdivision to be 154 in financial distress such that the 45-day waiting period 155 would be detrimental to the ability of the political subdivision 156 to deliver continued and compliant public services: Provided. 157 That in no event shall the rate become effective prior to the 158 date that the county commission has entered an order 159 approving the action of the public service district board.

160 (6) Rates, fees and charges approved by an affirmative 161 vote of the public services district board shall be forwarded 162 in writing to the county commission appointing the approving 163 board. The county commission shall, within forty-five days 164 of receipt of the proposed rates, fees and charges, take action 165 to approve or reject the proposed rates, fees and charges. 166 After forty-five days, and absent action by the county 167 commission, the proposed rates, fees and charges shall be 168 effective with no further action by the board or county 169 commission. In any event this 45-day period may be 170 extended by official action of both the board proposing the 171 rates, fees and charges and the appointing county 172 commission.

(7) The county commission shall provide notice to the
public by a Class I legal advertisement of the proposed
action, in compliance with the provisions of article three,
chapter fifty-nine of this code, of the meeting where it shall
consider the proposed increases in rates, fees and charges no
later than one week prior to the meeting date.

ARTICLE 3. DUTIES AND PRIVILEGES OF PUBLIC UTILITIES SUBJECT TO REGULATIONS OF COMMISSION.

§24-3-5. Schedule of rates to be filed with commission.

- 1 Every public utility shall file with the commission, and
- 2 keep open to public inspection, schedules showing all the

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman Senate Committee

Chairman House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

In effect ninety days from passage.

Clerk of the Senate

Clerk of the House of Delegates

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House of Delegates

The within Lappined this the JAS

Day of, 2015.

Jonkley Governor

PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR

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Time _______

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